

ELISABETH PHARMACON Ltd. Rokycanova 4437/5 615 00 Brno-Zidenice, Czech Republic Phone: +420 542 213 851 E-mail: info@elisabeth.cz Web: www.elisabeth.cz VAT: CZ26258412



EliDNA[™] PS Green Plus Instructions for Use

Package:		Storage:
Ref. No. ED02 ED02s	Package 1 ml 50 μl	The dye should be stored at 4 °C and protected from light. When stored under these conditions, the dye will retain full activity until the expiration date indicated on the label.

Product description

EliDNATM PS Green Plus is a new generation of a highly sensitive green fluorescent nucleic acid dye intended for gel staining. The dye is non-toxic and non-mutagenic. Therefore, making it a safer alternative to ethidium bromide. **EliDNATM PS Green Plus** can be used with a standard UV transilluminator (300 nm) or with instruments using visible light (~500 nm). Gels stained with **EliDNATM PS Green Plus** are compatible with various downstream applications such as gel extraction, cloning and many others.

Protocol

Prestaining:

Prepare the desired volume of agarose gel solution according to your protocol. For a 100 ml agarose solution add 4-6 μ l of **EliDNATM PS Green Plus** and mix it properly. Allow the gel solution with the dye to cool down to ~60 °C before casting it into the gel tray. After the gel has solidified, load the samples and perform electrophoresis. Image the gel with a UV transilluminator or with a visible light with ~500 nm using yellow or green filter.

Poststaining:

Prepare and run the agarose gel according to your protocol. For 100 ml of buffer or distilled water use 20-30 μ l of **EliDNATM PS Green Plus**. Store the staining solution at room temperature in the dark. Use a suitable container and place the gel into the solution. Recommended staining time is 10-20 min. Depending on the thickness of the gel and its concentration, staining time and the volume of the dye may be adjusted.





Troubleshooting

- If you experience low fluorescence signal of DNA bands, try to add more dye. Signal intensity depends on the number of bands and their concentration.
- We do not recommend repeated melting of gel containing the dye. This may lead to reduced signal intensity.
- Smeared DNA bands may be caused by excessive DNA concentration. Reduce the amount of loaded DNA or perform poststaining.
- If there are any discrepancies in bands migration, try to reduce the amount of loaded DNA or use less dye.

REF	Name of product	UV	Blue	Green/blue	In gel	Post-st.	Loading	dsDNA	ssDNA	RNA
		light	LED	LED						
ED01	EliDNA [™] PS Green	1	1	1	1	1	Х	1	✓ ¹	√ ¹
ED02	EliDNA [™] PS Green Plus	1	1	1	1	1	Х	1	1	1
ED03	EliDNA [™] PS Green Ultra ²	1	1	1	1	1	X	1	1	1
ED04	EliDNA [™] PS Red	1	Х	X	1	1	Х	1	1	1
ED05	EliDNA [™] LD Green	1	1	√	Х	X	1	1	1	1
ED06	EliDNA [™] LD Red	1	Х	X	х	Х	1	1	1	1

Related products

¹ Since ssDNA and RNA are single stranded, you may experience a lower signal intensity.

² The dye with the highest sensitivity.

Manufacturer:

ELISABETH PHARMACON Ltd.

Rokycanova 4437/5, Brno-Židenice 615 00 info@elisabeth.cz | www.elisabeth.cz | tel.: +420 542 213 851



Catalog number



Batch code



Use by (last day of month)

1 Μ Σ Upper limit of temperature

Manufacturer

Contains sufficient "N" tests